## **Contours 2**

Naming contour features is useful because it helps you to identify them when you are orienteering, and it allows you to give and understand verbal descriptions of features.

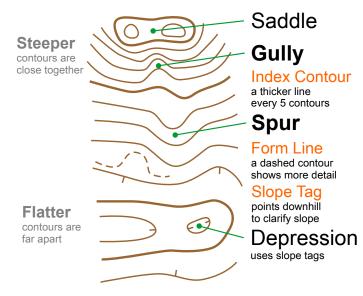
**Gully:** The ground in a gully is slightly **lower** than its surrounds. On the map, gullies form "V" shapes pointing **towards** the tops of hills.

**Spur:** The ground on a spur is slightly **higher** than its surrounds. On the map, spurs form "V" shapes pointing **away** from the tops of hills.

**Saddle:** A flat area between two hilltops. Two spurs and two gullies meet in a saddle.

**Depression:** The opposite of a hilltop. A lower area of ground.

## Names



Maps specify a **Contour Interval**. This is the vertical distance between adjacent contours, and is typically 5 m. For example, every time you cross a contour on the map you gain or lose 5 m height.

## **Task**

Match the names with the views and the maps.

## Depression

Spur

Saddle

Gully

